





INTRODUCTION

The Vision for Pallara

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At Pallara, you can enjoy a unique family-friendly lifestyle where futures flourish. With shops, schools, transport and employment nearby, you're connected to everything you need with ample space to grow and explore. Pallara will provide a wide range of homes suitable for different lifestyle needs.

Approval Process

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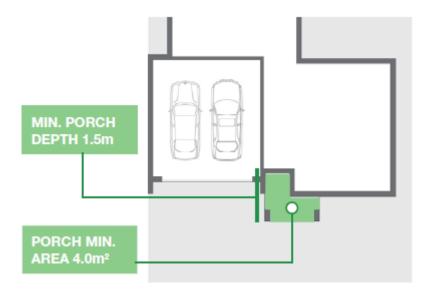
PRESENTING YOUR HOME TO THE STREET

Setbacks & Siting

The minimum boundary setbacks and zero lot boundaries must be as per shown on the Plan of Development provided by Stockland within your contract of sale.

Front Façade Features

- Walls may be up to 7.5m long before a change in setback and eave line of at least 450mm is required.
- The design of the home must incorporate either a porch, portico or verandah that is:
 - o At least 4m² with a minimum depth of 1.5m; and
 - o Adequately covered, clearly defined and visible from the street.



Visibility

The façade area (excluding the garage door) facing a street or public area is to include sufficient glazing (minimum 10%) to allow for passive surveillance of the property.





Ceiling Height

• All single storey homes must have a minimum ceiling height of 2550mm.



ROOFS

Roof Pitch

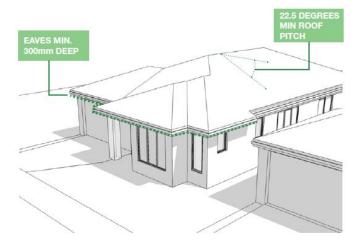
Roofing must be of a scale and form representative of contemporary Queensland Architecture.

- Hip and gable roofs must have a minimum pitch of 22.5 degrees.
- Skillion roof planes should not exceed a maximum of 15 degrees, unless it can be demonstrated where a higher roof pitch forms an integral part of the overall architectural design of the home.

Eaves

• All hipped and gable rood must have eaves overhanging by a minimum 450mm (excluding fascia and gutter) where visible from the street.

Eaves are encouraged to all areas of the home to assist with the shading of windows; minimizing heat gain during the day; and helping to moderate the internal temperature of the home.



• Where the design is contemporary and does not allow for any eaves, the use of awnings and/or sun shade materials is strongly encouraged where there is a window to improve energy efficiency.





CORNER LOTS

Wrapping The Corner

Houses on corner lots must have some form of articulation that addresses both streets, and is visible to the public. The articulation should be incorporated on the primary façade and should wrap around the corner and to also be incorporated on the secondary façade. Examples of these could be as follows:

- A verandah, portico or pergola of substantial bulk that utilizes, and wraps around both facades; or
- Recessing or projecting architectural elements that are substantial enough to articulate the corner; or
- Windows that address both streets.
- A minimum of one habitable room window having an area of 1m² on each level is required to overlook each adjoining public space (i.e. secondary street, public open space or laneway.)

Secondary Street Treatment

On the side wall that faces the secondary street (including facades visible from road reserves, easements, public walkways or parks) no straight section of the wall is to be longer than 12m.
 A step of at least 450mm is to be incorporated to break up these sections and to provide interest to the façade along the secondary street.

BUILDING MATERIALS

Mix of Materials

Homes are to be constructed to reflect contemporary Queensland Architecture and have regard to the climatic conditions of the area and the estate's unique location.

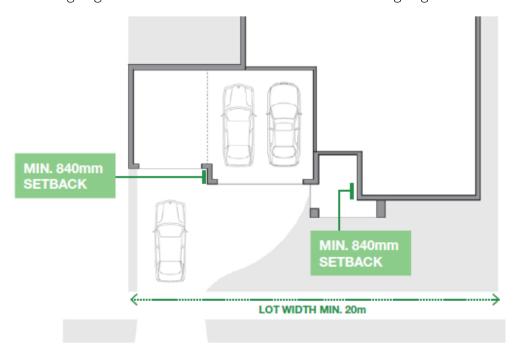
- Unfinished 'commons' bricks are not permitted.
- A minimum of two (2) materials or colours are to be used to the front and secondary street façades. No one material or colour can be more than 80% of a façade area.





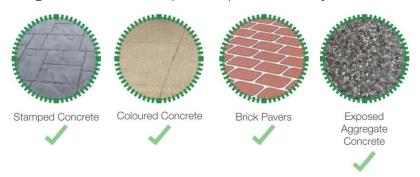
GARAGES

- Freestanding or attached carports and garages must include a roof design & design features which are consistent with the form and materials of the home.
- Carports/carport materials (incl. roof) must also be consistent with the materials of the home.
- All garages are required to be recessed a minimum of 900mm from the front building line of the home.
- Triple garages are only permitted on lots with a frontage of at least 18m; and where the third garage is setback a minimum 500mm from the other garage doors.



DRIVEWAYS AND CROSSOVERS

- Driveways are to be offset at least 500mm from the nearest side boundary. A landscape buffer strip is to be provided between the driveway and the side boundary.
- Driveways must not be constructed from plain concrete.
- All crossovers and driveways are to be completed prior to occupation.
- Parking areas and hardstand materials are to be designed such that the integrate with the landscape concept for the front yard.







LANDSCAPING

Each lot is to provide:

- A minimum of five (5) plants within the front of the property;
- One additional feature tree with a minimum pot size of 75L;
- All garden beds are to be edged and mulched; and
- Turf is to be provided to the remainder of the front yard between the front building line and kerb-line, except where an alternative landscape treatment is provided.
- All landscaping to the front of the property it to be completed within three (3) months of handover from the builder.

FENCING AND RETAINING WALLS

Front Fencing

In order to ensure a predominance of landscaping in front of homes, 'soft' enclosures and demarcations of the front property boundary (e.g. hedges, landscape planting, etc) are encouraged.

Any fencing provided forward of the front wall of the home must include:

- Rendered and/or masonry piers (located at regular intervals), either with or without a plinth; with matching masonry or other appropriate infill panels; or
- 150mm x 150mm hardwood timber posts with infill panels of open pool style fencing between.
- Is limited to a maximum of 1.8m in height.
- Must not include any coloured pre-finished metal sheets or unfinished materials including unfinished commons bricks;
- Gates may be incorporated across the driveway where a front fence is provided.

Corner Lot Side Fencing (Secondary Street Frontage)

Where fencing has not been provided by Stockland to the secondary street frontage, fencing as viewed from the street or public space:

- Is to be a maximum of 1.8m in height;
- Where solid fencing is provided, it must include:
 - o Feature elements and recessed areas (min. 500mm deep and 2.5m in length) in order to accommodate landscape planting at intervals no greater than 12m apart; or
 - o Where no landscape recesses are provided, solid fencing is limited to a maximum of 50% of the boundary length.





- Where timber fencing is provided, it is to include:
 - o Lapped timber palings with a matching top rail;
 - o a minimum of 150mm x 150mm hardwood posts, expressed to the street; and
 - o be provided with a stained or painted finish.
- Must not include any coloured pre-finished metal sheets or unfinished materials including unfinished commons bricks;
- Where no front fence is used, the secondary street fence must return to the house a minimum of 1m behind the front building line.

Side and Rear Fencing

- Is to be a maximum of 1.8m in height;
- Must not include any unfinished materials including unfinished commons bricks;
- Where no front fence is used, the side fence must return to the house a minimum of 1m behind the front façade.
- Where the side boundary forms the rear boundary of an adjoining lot, the side fence may continue to the front of the lot.

Please discuss your proposed fencing with the adjoining owner prior to construction and refer to the relevant 'The Dividing Fences' legislation and guidelines in your State and Local Government Area

Retaining Walls

Retaining walls visible from the street or public space:

- Are limited to 1.8m in height before use of a 0.5m wide landscape terrace;
- Retaining walls visible from the street or public area are to be constructed from stone or masonry; or timber sleepers (where less than 300mm in height).

Please discuss proposed retaining walls with your adjoining neighbour prior to construction to ensure that the height of the retaining is appropriate to suit the finished ground levels on adjacent blocks

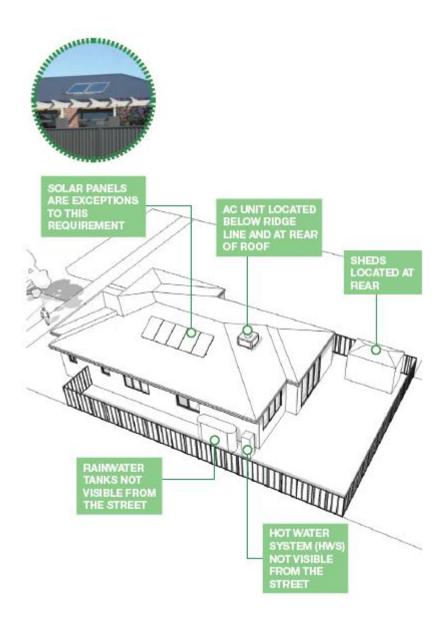




Screening

- All ground mounted equipment must be screened from public view and must not be visible from any street or public space. This includes but is not limited to heating and cooling units, rubbish disposal containers, swimming pools & equipment, rain water tanks, clothes hoists and washing lines.
- Non-ground mounted equipment items visible from the street or public spaces must be minimal including but not limited to: satellite dishes, TV aerials, external hot water services, water tanks, air conditioning units, heating units, spa and pool pumps, dependent person units etc.

Solar panels and collectors for hot water units are the exception to this standard when orientated to maximize their effectiveness.







Outbuildings

The appearance of any outbuildings should be carefully designed:

- Any outbuilding or garden shed must not be attached to the home;
- They must be constructed in an approved finish to complement the house;
- All outbuilding and garden sheds must be constructed behind the front or secondary street building line unless it can be shown that they are not visible (or can be adequately screened) from the adjacent street or public area

CONSTRUCTION OBLIGATIONS

- Provide a bin or enclosure on site for the duration of the construction period.
- Site cleanliness is to be maintained.
- Where the developer has constructed a fence, entry statement or retaining wall, it is to be maintained by the owner to the standard to which it was constructed.

Design Variation

Where designs are proposed that will vary from these Design Guidelines, they will be assessed on their design merit by the Design Review Panel. Variations will only be considered where it can be demonstrated that they still achieve the desired objectives for the creation of an aspirational community at Pallara.





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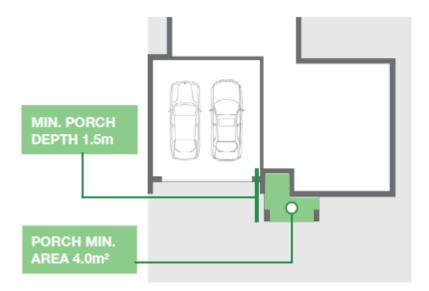
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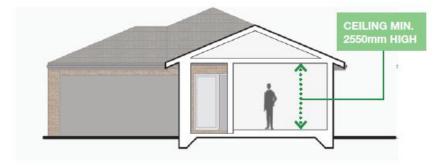
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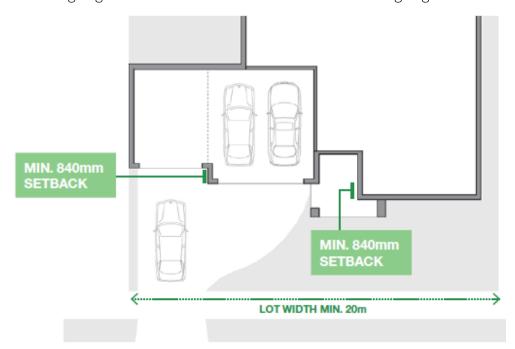
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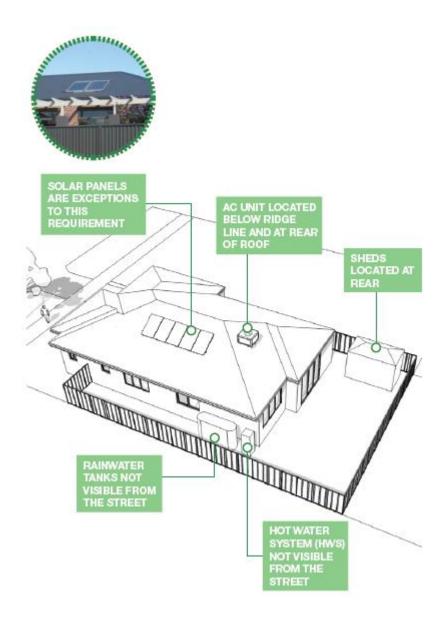




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