

# Parkside Design Essentials

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# Introduction

## The vision for Newport

There's a place, where the convenience of the city meets the water, an idyllic escape located with convenient access to Brisbane and far enough away to truly escape.

At Newport, you can enjoy a unique family-friendly waterside and waterfront lifestyle with the things you need and want close to home.

Taking pride of place on the Redcliffe Peninsula, the Newport community in the Moreton Bay Region will provide a wide range of waterfront and waterside homes suitable for different lifestyle needs.

## Approval process

Stockland has prepared these Design Essentials to guide house design at Newport.

The Design Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the Moreton Bay Regional Council Dwelling House Code and the QLD Development Code, which applies for this development site. Approval from your local authority or a registered building certifier will be required in addition to any approval given by Stockland.

To ensure a smooth design review process, please pass this document to your designer/builder so that a 'Home Design Package' can be prepared for endorsement by Stockland. This package must include a Site Plan (1:200); Floor Plans, Elevations, Sections (1:100); External colours and materials selection, Landscaping, Fencing and retaining wall plans. There is a 10 business day turnaround for assessments.

## Further information

Visit and register on our Stockland builder portal <https://builderportal.stockland.com.au> to obtain information regarding your lot in the reference library and to submit your plans for design approval.

Handy fact sheets about building a new home are available online at [yourhome.gov.au](https://yourhome.gov.au), which is a joint initiative of the Australian Government and the design and construction industries.

For information about planning and development, you can find important information at council's offices or on its website at [moretonbay.qld.gov.au](https://moretonbay.qld.gov.au)

## The key steps in the approval process are outlined in the following chart:



### Review

Owner/Designer/Builder reviews the local planning requirements and the Newport Design Essentials and Sales Contract.



### Design application

Your home design can only be submitted via the Stockland Builder Portal, which also contains relevant project information with the knowledge articles.

Any queries should be directed to QLD Design.

**Email: [design@stockland.com.au](mailto:design@stockland.com.au)**



### Building permit application

Owner/Designer/Builder obtains a Building Approval from an Accredited Building Certifier and proceeds to construction.





# The Design Essentials





# 1. Presenting your home to the street

The design attributes listed in this document are established with the purpose of crafting a community that is visually captivating, fosters inclusivity, and maintains a uniformly excellent standard. The objective for designing residences within Newport is to stimulate differentiation, thereby contributing to a varied street view, incorporating finishes and materials that align with the modern architectural essence of Australia.

## Setbacks and siting

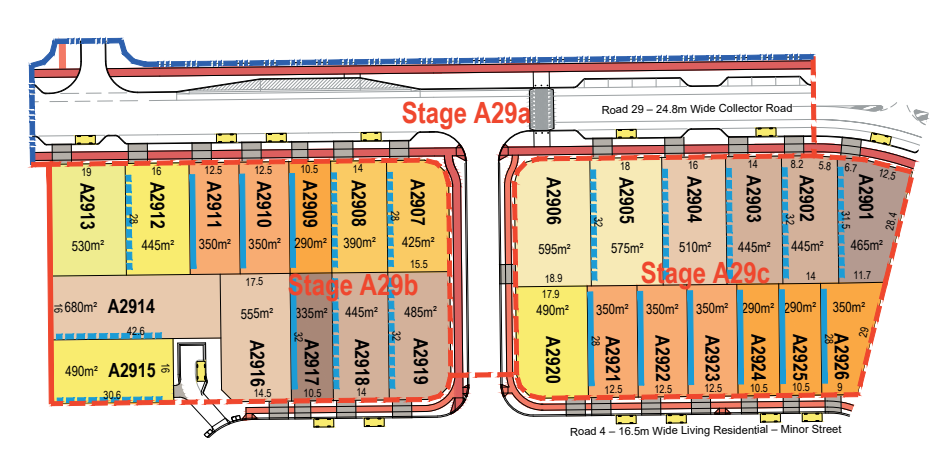
The minimum boundary setbacks and site cover limitations must be as per Table 9.3.1.5 and RAD5 respectively of the Dwelling House Code.

Built-to-boundary walls are to be located in accordance with the Plan of Development provided by Stockland within your contract of sale.

Further controls regarding built-to-boundary walls are detailed in Table 9.3.1.7 of the Dwelling House Code.

The design essentials apply in addition to, and not in lieu of other statutory requirements. Approval from your Local Government Authority or a registered building certifier will be required in addition to any approval given by Stockland.

**Please note:** Side and Rear measurements are to OMP as per QDC.



Example only



## Visibility

The facade area (excluding the garage door) facing a street or public area is to include sufficient glazing (minimum 10%) to allow for passive surveillance of the property and include a front door.

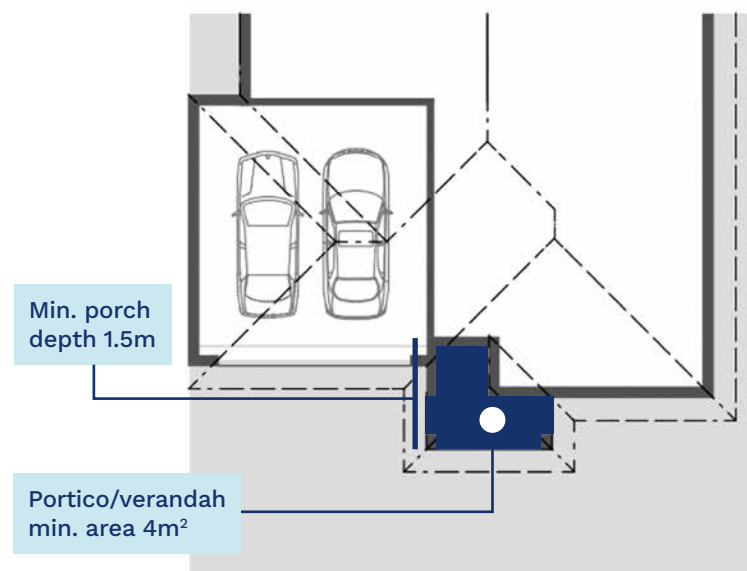
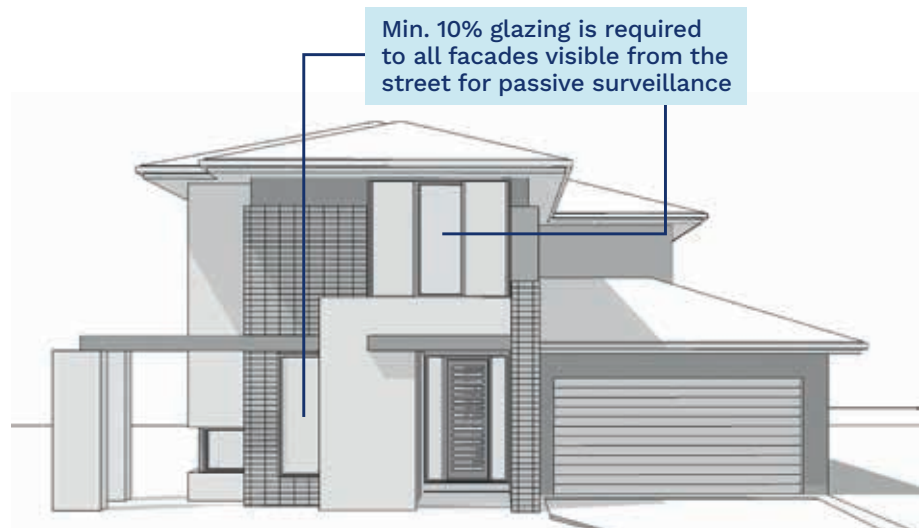
A minimum of one habitable room window having an area of  $1\text{m}^2$  on each level is required to overlook each adjoining public space (i.e. street, public open space or laneway).

## Front facade features

Walls may be up to 7.5m long before a change in setback and eave line of at least 450mm is required.

The design of the home must incorporate either a porch, portico or verandah that is:

- at least  $4\text{m}^2$  with a minimum depth of 1.5m; and
- adequately covered, clearly defined and visible from the street.



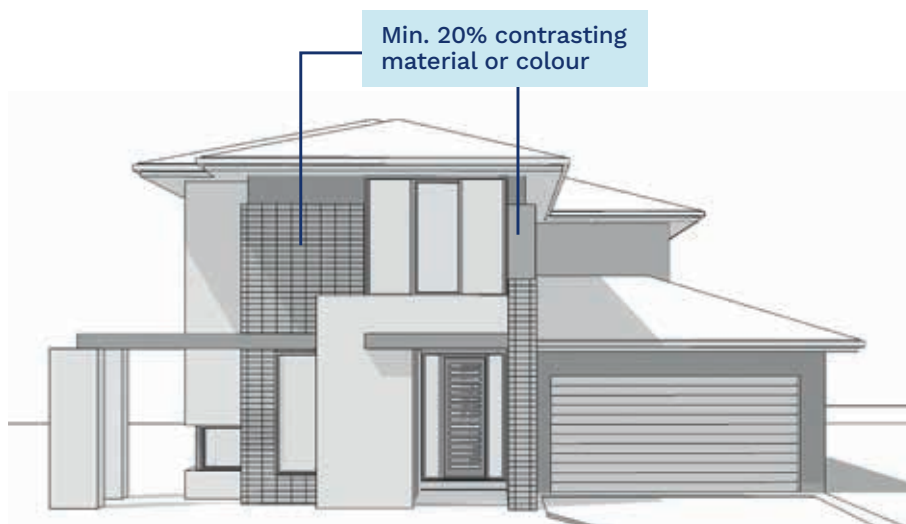


## 2. Building materials

### Mix of materials

Homes are to be constructed to reflect contemporary Queensland Architecture and have regard to the climatic conditions of the area and the estate's unique location. Note the following:

- Unfinished 'commons' bricks are not permitted.
- A minimum of two (2) contrasting materials or colours are to be used to the front and secondary street facades (including facades visible from road reserves, easements, public walkways or parks). No one material or colour can be more than 80% of the facade area (excludes windows, doors and gutters/downpipes). Natural, earthy or muted hues are encouraged.
- Face brickwork is not permitted to the front facade of the home, except where provided as a minor feature element within the design. For example two (2) feature pillars or the garage surround would be acceptable.



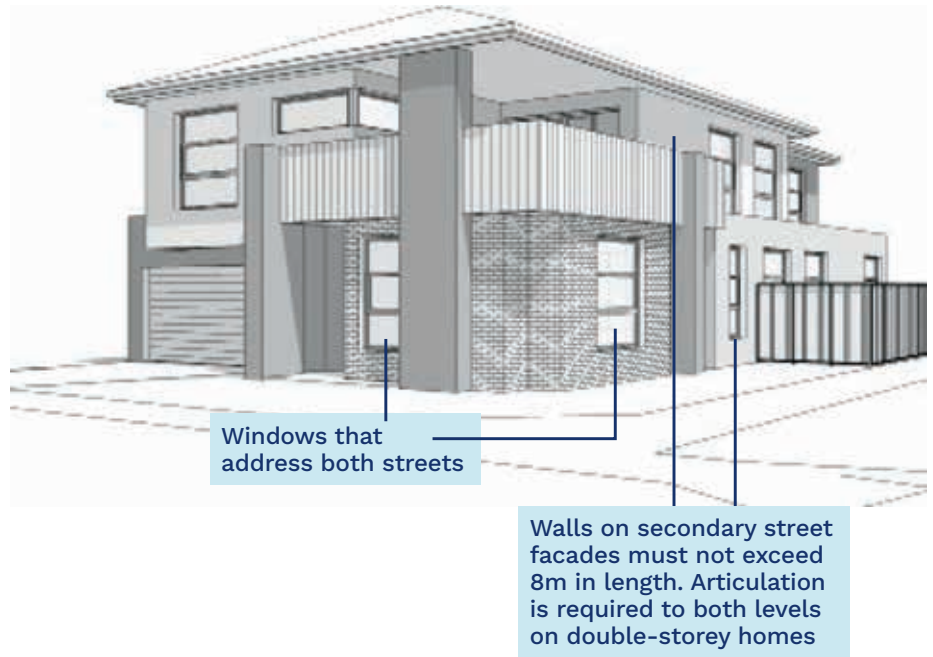
- ✓ **Two (2) contrasting materials or colours are required to the front and secondary street facade**
- ✓ **No one material or colour can be more than 80%**



## 3. Secondary street treatment – not limited to corner lots

Homes on corner lots including facades visible from road reserves, easements, public walkways or parks must provide the following:

- On the secondary facade, no straight section of wall is to be longer than 8m. A step of at least 450mm is to be incorporated for a minimum length of 1.8m to break these sections to provide interest.
- Double storey designs require articulation to both levels of the secondary street.
- Windows that address both streets (window to be provided within the first 2m of the secondary street).
  - In front of the painted side gate/fence return.
  - On the ground floor on all homes.
- A minimum of two (2) contrasting materials or colours are to be used to the front and secondary street facades. No one material or colour can be more than 80% of the facade area (excludes windows, doors and gutters/downpipes).
- Face brickwork is not permitted to the front facade of the home, except where provided as a minor feature element within the design.







## 4. Garages

Freestanding or attached carports and garages must include a roof design and design features which are consistent with the form and materials of the home.

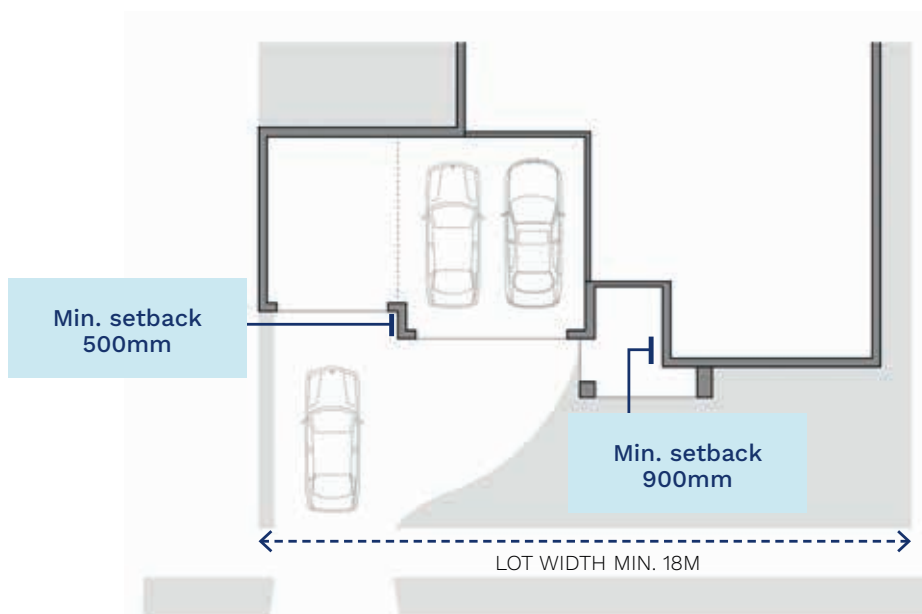
Carports to the front of the home are not permitted.

All garages are required to be recessed a minimum of 900mm from the front building line<sup>^</sup> of the home.

Where a two-storey home is proposed, a minimum garage recess of 1m is to apply from the upper building line<sup>^</sup> or balcony.

Triple garages are only permitted on lots with a frontage of at least 18m, and where the third garage is setback a minimum 500mm from the other garage doors.

<sup>^</sup> The front building line of the home is defined as a solid wall on the front facade of the home. A pier, nib wall, portico or open structure will not be permitted as a solid wall of the home.



**Triple garages**



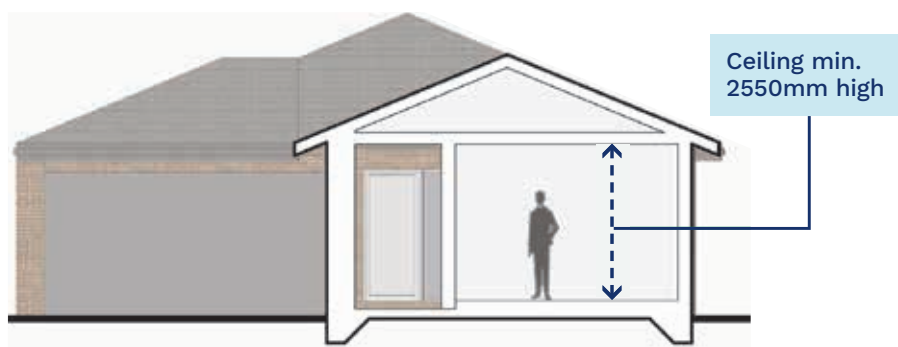
## 5. Ceilings height/roof

### Ceiling height and building

Roofing must be a scale and form representative of contemporary Queensland Architecture.

Overall building height must be as per SA01 of the Dwelling House Code (presently 8.5m)

All single storey homes must have a minimum ceiling height of 2550mm

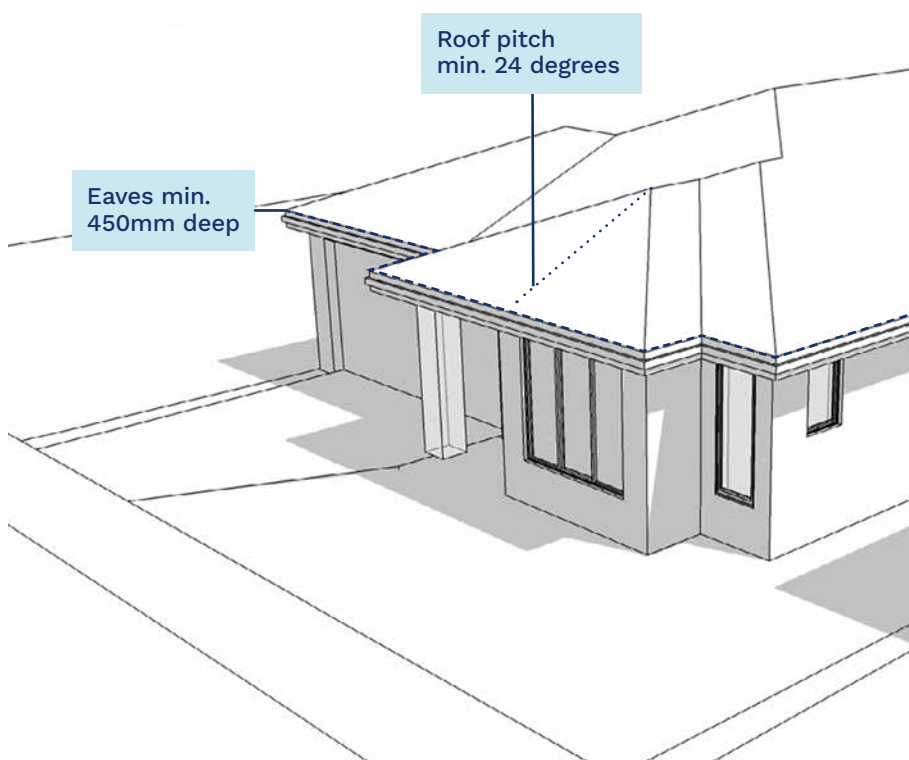


### Roof pitch

Hip and gable roofs must have a minimum pitch of 22.5 degrees.

Skillion roof planes should not exceed a maximum of 15 degrees, unless it can be demonstrated where a higher roof pitch forms an integral part of the overall architectural design of the home.

Flat and/or contemporary roof designs will be considered individually on their merits where they complement the overall architectural character of the home.





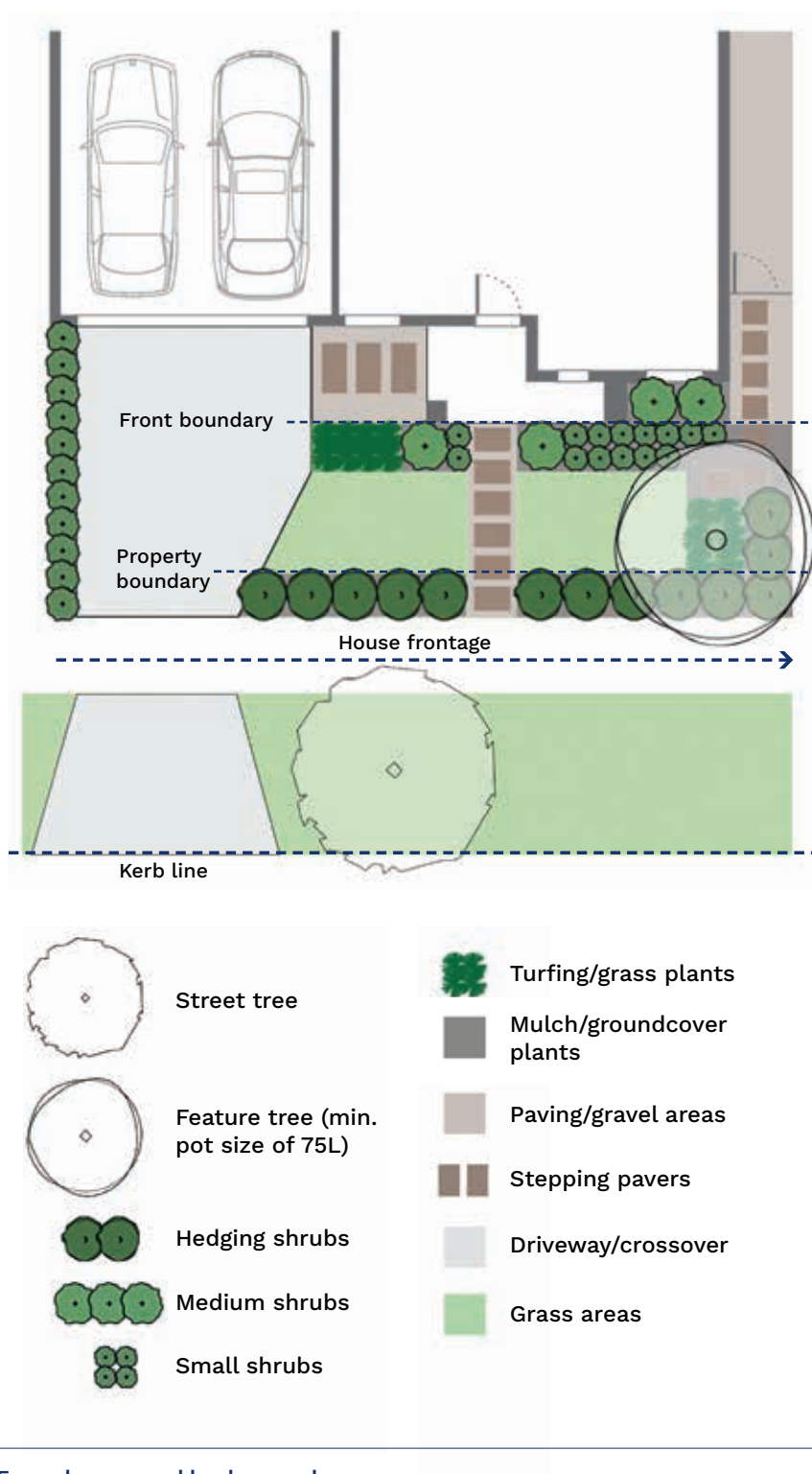
## 6. Landscaping – front garden, driveway and fencing

Landscaping is a fundamental element in creating quality streetscapes, and provides the final character to the home. The landscaping of the front garden is provided below to assist in developing a cohesive link between the home and the street.

### Front garden

As a minimum, each lot is to provide the following requirements within the property boundary:

- Five (5) established plants with a minimum height of 0.5m in the garden bed.
- One (1) established tree with a minimum height of 1.5m in the garden bed. Council street trees do not contribute to this count.
- Potted plants can be used but will not be accepted as part of the landscaping bond requirements.
- All garden beds are to be edged and mulched.
- Turf is to be provided between the front building line and kerb-line, except where an alternative landscape treatment is provided.
- All landscaping to the front of the property is to be completed within three (3) months of handover from the builder.
- Artificial grass will be considered and reviewed on an individual basis.



Example proposed landscape plan



## 7. Landscaping bond

### **Landscaping bond refund**

Where the driveway, front garden and fencing to the property are completed within 3 months of handover from the builder and is inspected and approved by Stockland, the owners shall apply for a \$2,000 Landscaping Bond Refund from Stockland.





## 8. Driveways and crossovers

Driveways are to be offset at least 500mm from the nearest side boundary. A landscape buffer strip is to be provided between the driveway and the side boundary.

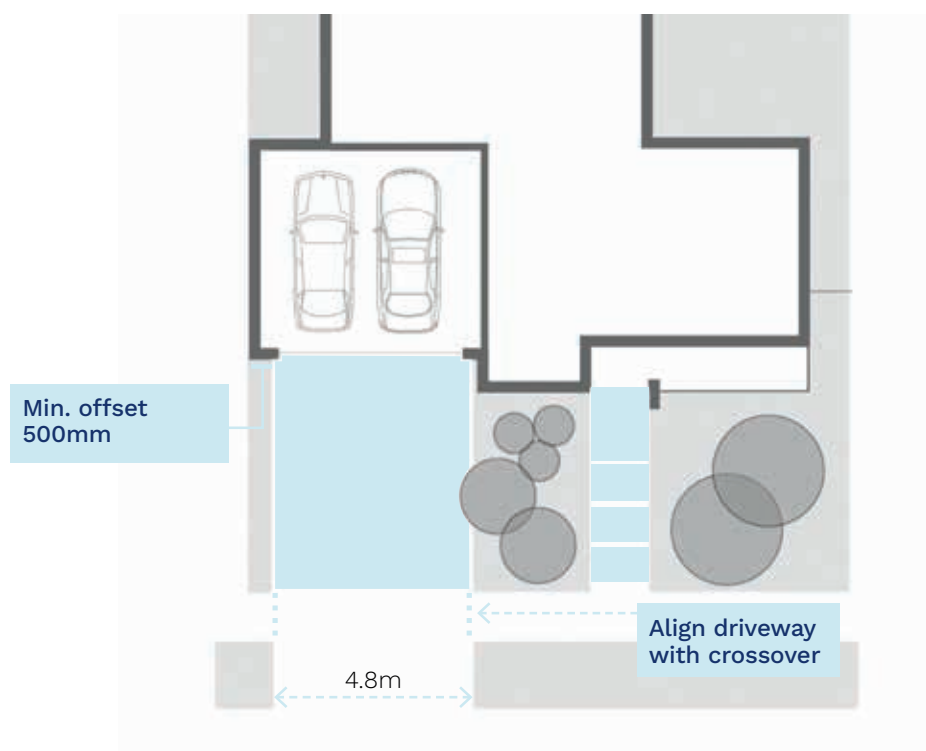
The crossover is limited to a maximum width of 40% of the road frontage or 4.8m, whichever is the lesser.

Driveway crossovers are to be located in accordance with the Plan of Development provided within your land contract of sale.

Driveways must not be finished from plain concrete.

All crossovers and driveways are to be completed prior to occupation.

Parking areas and hardstand materials are to be designed such that they integrate with the landscape concept for the front yard, but must not include a reversing bay, manoeuvring area or visitor parking spaces (other than tandem spaces) in the front setback.





## Front fencing

In order to ensure a predominance of landscaping in front of homes, 'soft' enclosures and demarcations of the front property boundary (e.g. hedges, landscape planting, etc) are encouraged.

Any fencing forward of the front wall of the home must be constructed of:

- Rendered and/or masonry piers (located at regular intervals) and plinth (a minimum of 300mm high); with matching masonry or other appropriate infill panels.
- PVC fencing with 50% transparency.
- Mixed material fencing will be considered and reviewed on an individual basis.
- Is limited to a maximum of 1.8m in height.
- Is to return to the sides of the home to meet the garage wall/ side gate.
- Gates may be incorporated across the driveway where a front fence is provided.

## Side and rear fencing

All side and rear timber fencing to be a maximum of 1.8m in height and must not include any unfinished materials including unfinished bricks.

Where no front fence is provided, the side fence must return to the house a minimum of 1m behind the front build line<sup>^</sup>.

Fencing is not permitted forward of the side gate/return.

<sup>^</sup>The front building line of the home is defined as a solid wall on the front facade of the home. A pier, nib wall, portico or open structure will not be permitted as a solid wall of the home.



**Front fencing: masonry piers with appropriate infill**



**Where there's a front fence, driveway gates are permitted**



Side fence returns/gates are to be painted to complement your home. Staining is not permitted.

Where the side boundary forms the rear boundary of an adjoining lot, the side fence may continue to the front of the lot.

Please discuss your proposed fencing with the adjoining owner prior to construction and refer to the relevant 'The Dividing Fences' legislation and guidelines in your State and Local Government Area.

## **Secondary street fencing (visible from road reserves, easements, public walkways or parks)**

Where fencing has not been provided by Stockland to the secondary street frontage, fencing as viewed from the street or public space:

- Is to be a maximum of 1.8m in height.
- May be constructed from rendered masonry to match the style of the front fence when one is provided.
- Where timber fencing is provided, it is to include:
  - lapped timber palings with a matching top rail;
  - a minimum of 150mm x 150mm hardwood posts, expressed to the street; and
  - be provided with a painted finish.
- Must not include any coloured pre-finished metal sheets or unfinished materials including unfinished commons bricks.



**Secondary fencing**



**Fences incorporating landscape plantings are encouraged**



- Where no front fence is used, the secondary street fence must return to the house a minimum of 1m behind the front building line<sup>^</sup>
- Rendered and/or masonry piers (located at regular intervals) and plinth (a minimum of 300mm high); with matching masonry or other appropriate infill panels.
- Mixed material, secondary street fencing will be considered and reviewed on an individual basis.

## Retaining walls

Retaining walls visible from the street or public space:

- Are limited to 900mm in height before use of a 0.5m wide landscape terrace is required.
- Retaining walls or built up structures visible (e.g. raised garden beds) from the street or public area are to be constructed from stone or masonry; or painted timber sleepers (where less than 300mm in height).

Please discuss proposed retaining walls with your adjoining neighbour prior to construction to ensure that the height of the retaining wall is appropriate to suit the finished ground levels on adjacent blocks.

<sup>^</sup> The front building line of the home is defined as a solid wall on the front facade of the home. A pier, nib wall, portico or open structure will not be permitted as a solid wall of the home.





## 9. Exteriors

### Screening

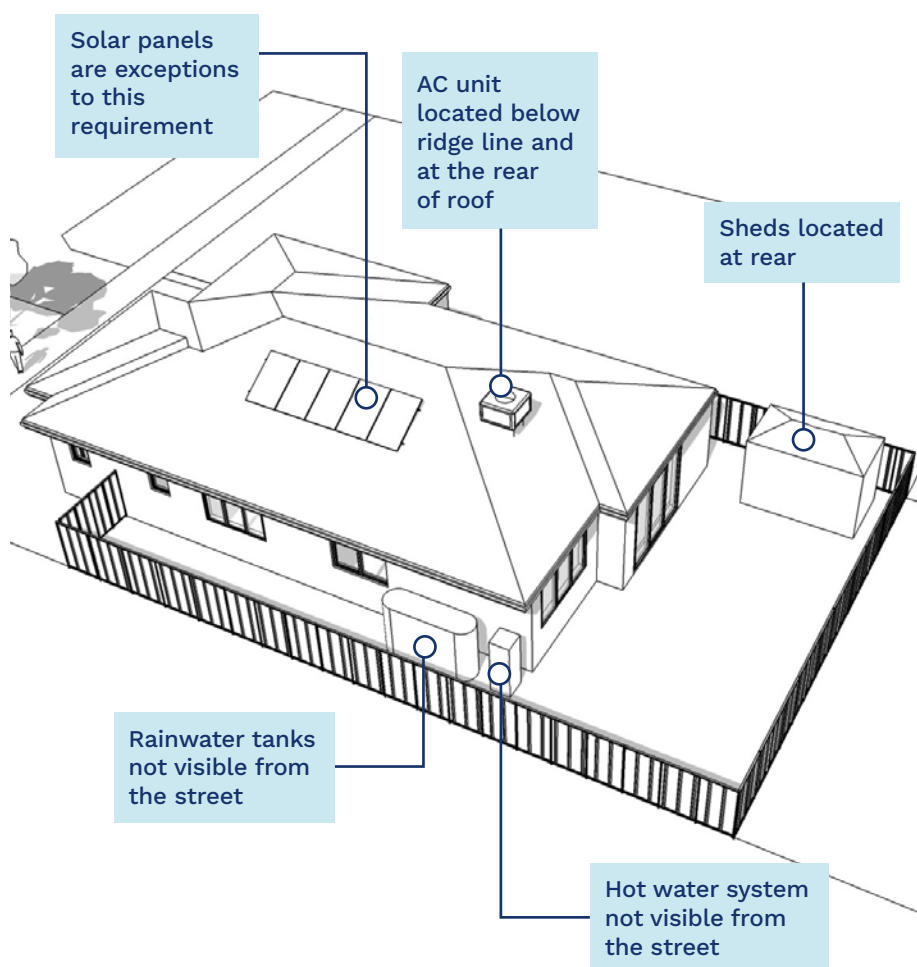
All ground mounted equipment must be screened from public view and must not be visible from any street or public space. This includes but is not limited to: heating and cooling units, rubbish disposal containers, swimming pools & equipment, rain water tanks, clothes hoists and washing lines.

Non-ground mounted equipment items visible from the street or public spaces must be minimal, including but not limited to: satellite dishes, TV aerials, external hot water services, water tanks, air conditioning units, heating units, spa and pool pumps, dependent person units etc. Solar panels and collectors for hot water units are the exception to this standard when orientated to maximise their effectiveness.

### Outbuildings

The appearance of any outbuildings should be carefully designed:

- They must be constructed in an approved finish to complement the house.
- All outbuilding and garden sheds must be constructed behind the front or secondary street building line unless it can be shown that they are not visible (or can be adequately screened) from the adjacent street or public area.
- The size and height of outbuildings must be as per SA024 of the Dwelling House Code.





## 10. Rubbish bin storage

Rubbish bins must be screened and out of public view.

All bins are to be out of sight during non-rubbish collection days.

Bin location and storage area, is to be noted on plans at time of submission.

Dedicated bin storage is required behind the return fence/gate.

If bin storage is proposed on a small house design which does not have side access, a bin storage enclosure is to be designed to completely screen the bins.



# 11. Construction obligations

Provide a bin or enclosure on site for the duration of the construction period.

Site cleanliness is to be maintained.

Where the developer has constructed a fence, entry statement or retaining wall, it is to be maintained by the owner to the standard to which it was constructed.



## 12. Lot presentation/maintenance before and after construction

An owner/builder must not permit, cause or authorise any damage to:

- Any adjoining lot, and/or
- Any other part of the Newport community including but not limited to footpaths, kerb and channel, roadways and/or landscaping.
- Where such damage occurs and Stockland is required to undertake repairs, the owner/builder of the lot will be responsible to pay the cost of these works.
- Your property must be kept in a clean and tidy state at all times.
- Silt fences and rubble driveways are in place and must be maintained during the total construction of your home.
- Where rubbish, soil and grass cuttings are washed or blown from your lot and Stockland determines it is necessary to remove this rubbish, you will be responsible to pay for the cost of the removal.
- The owner/builder must maintain an industrial waste bin or fully wrapped cage bin on site at all times.
- The bin is to be established on site as soon as construction has commenced. This waste bin must be regularly emptied and must be covered when full so no material escapes the waste bin.





- The site must be cleared of any rubbish or building material on a daily basis with this rubbish and building material placed into the waste bin each afternoon when building activity has finished for the day.
- No excavated material shall be placed on any adjoining lot or public area.
- When the home is constructed and completed the owner is responsible for maintaining the front and secondary street frontages.

All turf and garden areas are to be kept mowed and maintained and are the owner's responsibility.

## **Design variation**

Where designs are proposed that will vary from these Design Guidelines, they will be assessed on their design merit by the Design Review Panel. Variations will only be considered where it can be demonstrated that they still achieve the desired objectives for the creation of an aspirational community in Newport.

**Sales & Information Centre**

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